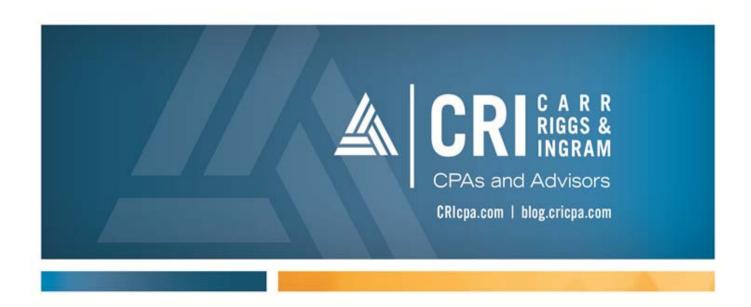
TOWN OF NORTH TOPSAIL BEACH

FINANCIAL REPORT

June 30, 2015



Town of North Topsail Beach Table of Contents June 30, 2015

TAB: REPORT Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
TAB: FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
EXHIBIT 1 - Statement of Net Position	13
EXHIBIT 2 - Statement of Activities	14
Fund Financial Statements:	
EXHIBIT 3 - Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	15
EXHIBIT 4 - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	17
EXHIBIT 5 - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	19
EXHIBIT 6 - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Beach Nourishment	20
Notes to the Financial Statements	21
Required Supplemental Financial Data:	
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset – Local Government Employees' Retirement System	41
Schedule of Contributions – Local Government Employees' Retirement System	42
Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	43
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Beach Nourishment	47

Town of North Topsail Beach Table of Contents June 30, 2015

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Shoreline Protection Project	48
Other Schedules:	
Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable	49
Analysis of Current Tax Levy – Town-wide Levy	50
Compliance Section:	
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	51
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Implementation Act	53
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	56
Corrective Action Plan	58
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards	59



Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 3105 Trent Road New Bern, North Carolina 28563

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1547 New Bern, North Carolina 28563-1547

(252) 633-5821 (252) 633-0199 (fax) www.cricpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of North Topsail Beach, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of North Topsail Beach, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit includes performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of North Topsail Beach, North Carolina as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Beach Nourishment Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis, and the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset and Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of North Topsail Beach, North Carolina. The individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of State and Local Governments and Non-Profit* Organizations and

the State Single Audit Implementation Act, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, the individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Governmental Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2015 on our consideration of Town of North Topsail Beach's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal controls over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of North Topsail Beach's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

New Bern, North Carolina

Caux Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

December 4, 2015

As management of the Town of North Topsail Beach, we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of North Topsail Beach for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

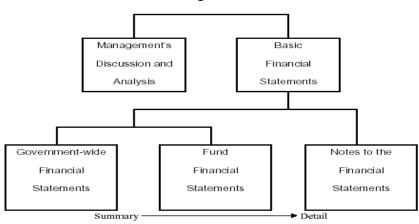
Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of North Topsail Beach exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$15,803,145(net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$2,812,362, entirely due to increases in the governmental activities net position.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$6,355,106, an increase of \$779,068 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$542,051 or 15.4% of total General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of North Topsail Beach's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of North Topsail Beach.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report Figure 1



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are two parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; and 2) the budgetary comparison statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **Notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **Supplemental Information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include the Town's basic services such as public safety, streets, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the town charges customers to provide. The Town of North Topsail Beach does not currently provide services that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements are found in Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of North Topsail Beach, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Town of North Topsail Beach are governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which provides a short term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of North Topsail Beach adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decision of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds

The Town of North Topsail Beach currently has no proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to obtain a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 21 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain other required supplementary information concerning the Town of North Topsail Beach. The other schedules can be found beginning on page 41 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities

The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations.

Town of North Topsail Beach Net Position Figure 2

	Governmental Acti	vities
	2015	2014
Current and other assets	\$ 10,737,482	\$ 5,933,755
Capital assets	28,374,050	9,953,908
Deferred outflows of resources	113,221	-
Total assets	39,224,753	15,887,663
Current liabilities	21,642,395	913,931
Long-term liabilities	1,377,199	1,982,949
Deferred inflows of resources	402,014	-
Total liabilities	23,421,608	2,896,880
Net investment in capital assets	13,424,502	7,365,876
Restricted net position	5,813,055	2,553,836
Unrestricted net position	(3,434,412)	3,071,071
Total net positon	\$ 15,803,145	\$ 12,990,783

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of North Topsail Beach exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$15,803,145 as of June 30, 2015. The Town's net position increased by \$2,812,362 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. However, the largest portion (84.9%) of net position reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, building, machinery, and equipment). The Town of North Topsail Beach uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although The Town of North Topsail Beach's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of North Topsail Beach's net position, \$5,813,055, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance is unrestricted.

The government-wide statement of net position for governmental activities reflects a negative \$3,434,412 unrestricted net position balance. During the fiscal year, the Town issued \$16.5 million debt in order to fund a major beach project (Phase V Beach Nourishment). By issuing such debt, the Town is left to reflect significant liabilities on its statements of net position. While the liabilities will decrease in future years as the debt is paid down, in this initial period, it creates a deficit in the amount of unrestricted net position available when reported under the full accrual basis of accounting.

Also, the Town of North Topsail Beach implemented GASB Statement 68 this year. With the new reporting change, the Town is allocated its proportionate share of the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense. A restatement to record the effects of the new reporting guidance decreased beginning net position by \$196,812. Decisions regarding the allocations are made by the administrators of the pension plan, not by the Town of North Topsail Beach's management.

Town of North Topsail Beach Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Governmen	ental Activities		
	2015	2014		
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 346,384	\$ 467,421		
Operating grants and contributions	27,590	79,602		
Capital grants and contributions	868,946	-		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	3,179,130	3,201,826		
Other taxes	2,935,597	2,005,614		
Investment earnings	7,104	2,920		
Miscellaneous	36,310	232,411		
Total revenues	7,401,061	5,989,794		
Expenses:				
General government	1,224,872	1,154,699		
Public safety	1,721,709	1,762,484		
Transportation	108,518	72,927		
Economic and physical development	6,441	-		
Environmental protection	1,032,825	718,201		
Cultural and recreation	79,586	93,959		
Interest on long-term debt	217,936	-		
Total expenses	4,391,887	3,802,270		
Increase in net position	3,009,174	2,187,524		
Net position, July 1, as previously reported	12,990,783	10,803,259		
Restatement	(196,812)	_		
Net position, July 1, as restated	12,793,971	10,803,259		
Net position, June 30	\$ 15,803,145	\$ 12,990,783		

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$2,812,362, thereby accounting for 100% of the total increase in the net position of the Town of North Topsail Beach.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations influenced the total change in governmental net position:

- Net expenses of the Town's governmental activities increased by approximately \$589,617 due to an increase in general government and environmental protection expenditures.
- General revenues increased by approximately \$1,411,267 primarily due to an increase
 in other tax revenues and capital grants. The property tax rate was unchanged. The
 town received several State and County grants capital grants in the current fiscal year.

Business-type Activities

There were no business-type activities in the current year.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of North Topsail Beach uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Town of North Topsail beach's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of North Topsail Beach's financing requirements.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of North Topsail Beach. At the end of the current fiscal year, Town of North Topsail Beach's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$542,051 while total fund balance was \$695,936, a decrease of \$2,570,268 from the prior fiscal year. This decrease is due to the transfer of \$2,560,000 from the General Fund to the Beach Nourishment Fund to provide cash for an emergency sandbag revetment project. In the fall of 2014, major storms had caused considerable infrastructure and property damage, including inordinate beach erosion to occur. On October 15, 2014, the Town adopted Resolution 2014-13, "Beach Erosion Control and Flood and Hurricane Protection Works North End Sandbag Revetment Project." Work began on the project in December 2014 and was completed in 2015 at a cost of \$2.7 million. Under the authority granted to municipalities under NC General Statute 160A-238, the Town decided to assess the affected property owners 50% of the costs of the project, approximately \$1.4 million. As these payments are received in subsequent periods, the General Fund's balance will increase.

As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it maybe useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 15.4% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 19.8% of that same amount. While lower than last year's, they nevertheless both exceed the 8% commonly recommended by the Local Government Commission.

General Fund and Beach Nourishment Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

• Revenues were more than the budgeted amounts primarily because the Town received additional sales tax and unrestricted intergovernmental revenues that became available. Expenditures were held in check to comply with its budgetary requirements.

Proprietary Funds

The Town of North Topsail Beach had no proprietary funds in the current year.

Capital Assets

The Town of North Topsail Beach's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2015, totals \$28,374,050 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include land, buildings, vehicles and equipment, and infrastructure.

Major capital assets transactions during the year included the purchase of three vehicles, two parcels of land and the completion of a beach nourishment project. The three vehicles are to be used for public safety, the land will be used for a beach parking access, and the beach nourishment project will be used for environmental protection.

Town of North Topsail Beach's Capital Assets (Net of depreciation) Figure 4

	Governmental Activities				
	2015	2014			
Land	\$ 1,082,341	\$ 1,082,341			
Construction in progress	17,018,901	294,259			
Buildings	570,984	605,097			
Vehicle	671,924	718,481			
Infrastructure	9,029,900	7,253,730			
Total	\$ 28,374,050	\$ 9,953,908			

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note II.A.4 of the basic financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

As of June 30, 2015, the Town had total debt outstanding of \$18,924,631. The Town's debt represents an accrual for compensated absences, equipment purchased and the Beach Nourishment Project.

Town of North Topsail Beach's Long-term Liabilities Figure 5

	Governmental Activities						
	2015	2014					
Installment purchase	\$ 278,949	\$ 316,032					
Special obligation bonds	1,704,000	2,272,000					
Bond anticipation notes	16,815,000	-					
Compensated absences	126,682	113,781					
Total	\$ 18,924,631	\$ 2,701,813					
TOTAL	\$ 10,924,031	\$ 2,701,615					

The Town's total debt increased by \$16,222,818 during the fiscal year. This increase is due to a bond anticipation note issued in August 2014 to provide funding for a beach nourishment project.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Town of North Topsail Beach is \$45,806,873.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicator reflects the growth and prosperity of the Town:

• Continued increase in accommodations tax revenue as a result of continued development and attractiveness of a premier residential vacation community.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2016

- The property tax rate will remain at 39.32 cents per hundred valuations. Of the rate, 24.32 cents will be used to fund General Fund operations and 15 cents to fund Beach Nourishment Capital Projects.
- Increase in Sales Tax collections, as the economy improves. This year a change in the Sales Tax distribution formula will result in a substantial increase in this tax.
- Solid waste fees were increased from \$150 to \$195 per year, per residential cart in order to cover the increase by the Town's contractor.
- The Town is continuing its vehicle replacement program and purchasing two vehicles for the Police Department each year

- The Town's contribution rate to the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement Systems is 6.74% for general employees and 6.77% for law enforcement officers.
- The Town plans to continue the Shoreline Protection Project, as funds were budgeted to conduct the Planning, Engineering, and construction of Phase 5 initially, with continued planning/permitting for the remaining Phases 2-4 in future years.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Bonnie Kline, Finance Officer, Town of North Topsail Beach, 2008 Loggerhead Court, North Topsail Beach, NC 28460.

Town of North Topsail Beach Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015 Exhibit 1

Primary

	PIIIII	aiy
	Govern	ment
	Governr	nental
	Activi	ties
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,	816,413
Taxes receivable (net)		234,267
Accrued interest receivable on taxes		18,508
Accounts receivable (net)		459,684
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	5,	025,789
Total current assets	10,	554,661
Non-current assets:		
Net pension asset		182,821
Capital assets:		
Land and non-depreciable improvements	18,	101,242
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	10,	272,808
Total capital assets	28,	374,050
Total assets	39,	111,532
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year		113,221
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable		240,197
Current portion of long-term liabilities	17,	547,432
Liabilities payable from resticted assets	3,	854,766
Total current liabilities		642,395
Long-term liabilities:		
Due in more than one year	1,	377,199
Total liabilities	23,	019,594
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension deferrals		402,014
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	13,	424,502
Environmental protection	5,	205,188
Stabilization by State Statute		607,867
Unrestricted	(3,	434,412)
Total net position	\$ 15,	803,145

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

Town of North Topsail Beach Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 Exhibit 2

Net (Expense)

			Program Revenu	es	Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
Functions/ Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activiites	
Primary government:						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 1,224,872	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,224,872)	
Public safety	1,721,709	35,500	-	-	(1,686,209)	
Transportation	108,518	-	27,102	-	(81,416)	
Environmental protection	1,032,825	309,684	488	868,946	146,293	
Economical and physical development	6,441	-	-	-	(6,441)	
Cultural and recreation	79,586	1,200	-	-	(78,386)	
Interest on long-term debt	217,936	-	-	-	(217,936)	
Total governmental activities	4,391,887	346,384	27,590	868,946	(3,148,967)	

General revenues:	
Taxes:	
Property taxes	3,179,130
Other taxes	2,935,597
Unrestricted investment earnings	7,104
Miscellaneous	36,310
Total general revenues	6,158,141
Change in net position	3,009,174
Net position - beginning, as previously reported	12,990,783
Restatement	(196,812)
Net position - beginning, as restated	12,793,971
Net position - ending	\$ 15,803,145

Town of North Topsail Beach Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2015 Exhibit 3

		M	ajor Funds			
				Shoreline		Total
			Beach	Protection	Go	overnmental
	General	No	ourishment	Project		Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 680,092	\$	2,437,873	\$ 1,698,448	\$	4,816,413
Receivables, net:						
Accounts	153,885		214,411	91,388		459,684
Taxes	86,084		-	148,183		234,267
Retricted cash and cash equivalents	-		-	5,025,789		5,025,789
Total assets	920,061		2,652,284	6,963,808		10,536,153
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	138,041		102,156	-		240,197
Liabilities payable from resticted assets	-		-	3,854,766		3,854,766
Total liabilities	138,041		102,156	3,854,766		4,094,963
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Property tax receivable	86,084		=	-		86,084
Total deferred inflows of resources	86,084		-	-		86,084
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted						
Stabilization of State Statute	153,885		214,411	239,571		607,867
Committed						
Beach Nourishment	-		2,335,717	2,869,471		5,205,188
Unassigned	542,051		-	-		542,051
Total fund balances	695,936		2,550,128	3,109,042		6,355,106
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 920,061	\$	2,652,284	\$ 6,963,808	\$	10,536,153

Town of North Topsail Beach Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2015 Exhibit 3

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are di	fferent because:	
Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	6,355,106
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Gross capital assets at historical cost	32,222,451	
Accumulated depreciation	(3,848,401)	28,374,050
Net pension asset		182,821
Contributions to pension plan in the current fiscal year are		
deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position		113,221
Other long-term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not		
available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are inflows		
of resources in the funds.		18,508
Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources		
in fund statements.		86,084
Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses		
and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Gross long-term debt		(18,797,949)
Compensated absences		(126,682)
Pension deferrals		(402,014)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	15,803,145

Town of North Topsail Beach Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance – Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 Exhibit 4

		N	lajor Funds				
			-		Shoreline		Total
			Beach	١	Protection	Go	overnmental
	General	N	ourishment		Project		Funds
REVENEUS							
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,965,992	\$	1,589	\$	1,269,607	\$	3,237,188
Other taxes and licenses	833,198		456,760		1,346,807		2,636,765
Unrestricted intergovernmental	298,832		-		-		298,832
Restricted intergovernmental	27,590		768,946		100,000		896,536
Sales and services	347,786		-		-		347,786
Investment earnings	1,693		711		4,700		7,104
Miscellaneous	34,678		230		-		34,908
Total revenues	3,509,769		1,228,236		2,721,114		7,459,119
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	1,219,501		-		-		1,219,501
Public safety	1,732,632		-		-		1,732,632
Environmental protection	389,148		2,470,122		16,724,642		19,583,912
Transportation	108,518		-		-		108,518
Cultural and recreation	27,469		-		-		27,469
Debt service	42,769		-		780,250		823,019
Total expenditures	3,520,037		2,470,122		17,504,892		23,495,051
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	(10,268)		(1,241,886)		(14,783,778)		(16,035,932)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Special obligation bonds issued	-		-		16,815,000		16,815,000
Transfers from other funds	(2,560,000)		-		-		(2,560,000)
Transfers to other funds	-		2,560,000		-		2,560,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,560,000)		2,560,000		16,815,000		16,815,000
Net change in fund balance	(2,570,268)		1,318,114		2,031,222		779,068
Fund balances - beginning	 3,266,204		1,232,014		1,077,820		5,576,038
Fund balances - ending	\$ 695,936	\$	2,550,128	\$	3,109,042	\$	6,355,106

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

Town of North Topsail Beach Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance – Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 Exhibit 4

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities:

Statement of Activities:		
Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	779,068
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized	18,989,654	
Depreciation expense for governmental assets	(569,512)	18,420,142
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities		113,221
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenue		(58,058)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. New long-term debt issued Principal payments on long-term debt	(16,815,000) 605,083	(16,209,917)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Pension expense	(22,381)	(o= oc:)
Compensated absences	(12,901)	(35,282)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	3,009,174

Town of North Topsail Beach Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget to Actual **General Fund** For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 Exhibit 5

Variance with Final Budget -

3,982

6,531

30,132

Positive Origianl Budget Final Budget Actual Amounts (Negative) \$ 1,939,651 \$ 1,939,651 \$ 1,965,992 \$ 26,341 804,500 804,500 833,198 28,698 213,000 213,000 298,832 85,832 27,590 39,500 39,500 (11,910)375,088 375,088 347,786 (27,302)4,000 4,000 1,693 (2,307)32,000 33,640 34,678 1,038 100,390 3,407,739 3,409,379 3,509,769 1,160,049 (27,951)1,191,550 1,219,501 1,774,485 1,782,862 1,732,632 50,230 386,488 386,488 389,148 (2,660)

108,518

27,469

42,769

695,936

3,520,037

112,500

34,000

42,769

3,550,169

\$

Revenues over (under) expenditures	(138,552)	(140,790)	(10,268)	130,522
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of fixed assets	14,109	14,109	-	(14,109)
Transfers from (to) other funds	40,000	(2,560,000)	(2,560,000)	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	54,109	(2,545,891)	(2,560,000)	(14,109)
Fund balance appropriated	84,443	2,686,681	<u>-</u>	(2,686,681)
Net change in fund balance	\$ - \$	-	(2,570,268) \$	(2,570,268)
Fund balances - beginning			3,266,204	

127,500

55,000

42,769

3,546,291

REVENUES

Ad valorem taxes

Sales and services

Total revenues

General government

Environmental protection

Cultural and recreation

Total expenditures

Fund balance - ending

Miscellaneous

EXPENDITURES

Public safety

Debt service

Current:

Streets

Investment earnings

Other taxes and licenses

Unrestricted intergovernmental

Restricted intergovernmental

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

Town of North Topsail Beach Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance – Budget to Actual Beach Nourishment Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 Exhibit 6

Variance with Final Budget -**Positive Origianl Budget Final Budget Actual Amounts** (Negative) **REVENUES** \$ 2,000 \$ 2,000 \$ Ad valorem taxes 1,589 (411)Other taxes and licenses 450,000 450,000 456,760 6,760 Restricted intergovernmental 663,609 663,609 768,946 105,337 Investment earnings 1,000 1,000 711 (289)Miscellaneous 500 500 230 (270)Total revenues 1,117,109 1,117,109 1,228,236 111,127 **EXPENDITURES** Current: **Environmental protection** 1,077,109 4,164,329 2,470,122 1,694,207 Total expenditures 1,077,109 4,164,329 2,470,122 1,694,207 40,000 Revenues over (under) expenditures (3,047,220)(1,241,886)1,805,334 **OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)** Transfers from (to) to other funds (40,000)2,560,000 2,560,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (40,000)2,560,000 2,560,000 Revenues over (under) expenditures and other financing uses (487,220)1,318,114 1,805,334 Fund balance appropriated 487,220 (487,220)\$ Net change in fund balance \$ 1,318,114 \$ 1,318,114 Fund balances - beginning 1,232,014 Fund balance - ending 2,550,128

I. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accounting policies of the Town of North Topsail Beach conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of North Topsail Beach is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and five-member board. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town, which has no discretely presented component units.

B. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

Government-wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. These statements report the *governmental activities* of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. The Town currently maintains only one fund category – governmental. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

GENERAL FUND – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, general government, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

BEACH NOURISHMENT FUND – This is a special revenue fund that uses tax money for beach nourishment.

SHORELINE PROTECTION PROJECT FUND – This is a capital project fund used to account for phase two of a beach nourishment project.

C. <u>Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting</u>

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicle are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited

registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursements grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

D. <u>Budgetary Data</u>

The Town's budget is adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statuses. An annual budget is adopted for the General and Beach Nourishment Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end. Project length ordinances are utilized in capital project funds whereby appropriations lapse at project completion. The budget is prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds. The finance officer is authorized by the budget ordinance to transfer appropriations between departmental areas within a fund up to \$2,500; however, any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change departmental appropriations by more than \$2,500 must be approved by the governing board. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity</u>

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain nonguaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. The securities of the NCCMT cash portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, are valued at fair value, which is the NCCMT's share price.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

The unexpended bond proceeds from the special obligation bonds issued by the Town are classified as restricted assets for the Shoreline Protection project as their use is completely restricted to the purpose for which the bonds were originally issued.

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2013. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The Town does not maintain an allowance for doubtful accounts. Losses arising from uncollected accounts receivable are estimated to be insignificant.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs for all assets are \$5,000. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003 consist of the road network assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980 and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Infrastructure	20
Buildings	40
Vehicles and equipment	5 to 10

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has one item that meets this criterion, contributions made to the pension plan in the 2015 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has two items that meet the criterion for this category- property taxes receivable and deferrals of pension expense that result from the implementation of GASB Statement 68.

8. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bonds issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide statements, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

10. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through State statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of four classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute – portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the Town of North Topsail Beach's governing body (highest level of decision making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Committed for Beach Nourishment – portion of fund balance assigned by the board for beach nourishment.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

11. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town of North Topsail Beach's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

II. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

1. Expenditures over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the expenditures made in the Town's General Fund exceeded the authorized appropriations made by the governing board for general government activities by \$27,951, and environmental protection activities by \$2,660. Town management and the Board will more closely review the budget reports to ensure compliance in future years.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. <u>Deposits</u>

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by the Pooling Method. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agent in their name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for noninterest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization. This risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of the G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

1. <u>Deposits</u> (continued)

At June 30, 2015, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$7,241,715 and a bank balance of \$7,421,978. Of the balance, \$1,008,304 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. At June 30, 2015, the Town's petty cash fund totaled \$157.

2. <u>Investments</u>

At June 30, 2015, the Town of North Topsail Beach had \$2,600,330 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Cash Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Town has no policy regarding credit risk.

3. Receivables – Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The Town does not maintain an allowance for doubtful accounts. Losses arising from uncollected accounts receivable are estimated to be insignificant.

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2015, was as follows:

	Begi	inning Balance	Increases	Dec	creases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	1,082,341	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,082,341
Construction in progress		294,259	16,724,642		-	17,018,901
Total capital assets not being depreciated		1,376,600	16,724,642		-	18,101,242
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings		1,364,535	-		-	1,364,535
Vehicles and equipment		2,656,932	139,146		-	2,796,078
Infrastructure		7,834,730	2,125,866		-	9,960,596
Total capital assets being depreciated		11,856,197	2,265,012		-	14,121,209
Less accumualted depreciation for:						
Buildings		759,438	34,113		-	793,551
Vehicles and equipment		1,938,451	185,703		-	2,124,154
Infrastructure		581,000	349,696		-	930,696
Total accumulated depreciation		3,278,889	569,512		-	3,848,401
Total capital asset being depreciated, net		8,577,308				10,272,808
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	9,953,908	•			\$ 28,374,050

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 42,778
Public safety	174,694
Economic & physical development	6,441
Environmental protection	287,756
Culture & recreational	 57,843
Total depreciation expense	\$ 569,512

B. <u>Liabilities</u>

1. Pension Plan Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description The Town of North Topsail Beach is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEO's) of participating local government entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Government Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Town of North Topsail Beach employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town of North Topsail Beach's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015, was 7.41% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.07% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town of North Topsail Beach were \$113,221 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Refunds of Contributions – Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the Town reported an asset of \$182,821 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2013. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2014, the Town's proportion was 0.031%, which was a decrease of 0.006% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Town recognized pension expense of \$22,381. At June 30, 2015, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows	
	R	esources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	19,976
Changes of assumptions		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		-		425,604
Changes in proportion and differences between Town				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		(43,566)
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		113,221		-
Total	\$	113,221	\$	402,014

\$113,221 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2016	\$ (100,489)
2017	(100,489)
2018	(100,489)
2019	(100,547)
2020	-
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ (402,014)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 4.25 to 8.55 percent, including inflation

and productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.25 percent, net of pension plan invetment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2005 through December 31, 2009.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2014 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Fixed income	36.0%	2.5%
Global equity	40.5%	6.1%
Real Estate	8.0%	5.7%
Alternatives	6.5%	10.5%
Credit	4.5%	6.8%
Inflation Protection	4.5%	3.7%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2013 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.19%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

A new asset allocation policy was finalized during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 to be effective July 1, 2014. The new asset allocation policy utilizes different asset classes, changes in the structure of certain asset classes, and adopts new benchmarks. Using the asset class categories in the preceding table, the new long-term expected arithmetic real rates of return are: Fixed Income 2.2%, Global Equity 5.8%, Real Estate 5.2%, Alternatives 9.8%, Credit 6.8% and Inflation Protection 3.4%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	 Decrease (6.25%)	_	count Rate (7.25%)	19	% Increase (8.25%)
Town's proportionate share of the net					_
pension liability (asset)	\$ 620,575	\$	(182,821)	\$	(859,255)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

(1) Plan Description

The Town of North Topsail Beach administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85% of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter

143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2014 the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

A separate report was not issued for the plan.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments. No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administration costs. These expenditures are paid as they come due.

(3) Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. There were no contributions made by employees.

The Town has not obtained an actuarial valuation for the plan because its required contributions are considered to be immaterial.

b. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

(1) Plan Description

The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina

General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes that Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

(2) Funding Policy

Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to 5% of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2015 were \$32,217, which consisted of \$24,052 from the Town and \$8,165 from the law enforcement officers.

The Town has also elected to contribute to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for general employees as well as law enforcement officers. The Town's contributions for general employees for the year ended June 30, 2015 were \$48,677, which consisted of \$30,974 from the Town and \$17,703 from the employees.

2. Other Employment Benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multipleemployer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly gross payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

3. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year

\$ 113,221

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

Taxes receivable \$ 86,084
Pension deferrals \$ 402,014

4. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town has general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits, and employee health coverage up to a \$2 million lifetime limit. The pools are reinsured through commercial companies for single occurrence claims against general liability, auto liability and property in excess of \$500,000 and \$300,000 up to statutory limits for workers' compensation. The pools are reinsured for annual employee health claims in excess of \$150,000. The property liability pool has an aggregate limit for the total property losses in a single year, with the reinsurance limit based upon a percentage of the total insurance values.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Town Finance Officer is bonded for \$50,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$1,000,000.

The Town has a VFIS policy with American Alternative Insurance Corporation covering certain fire department equipment and property. The Town also has a flood insurance policy with Lloyd's of London.

5. Claims, Judgments, and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2015, the Town was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the Town's management and the Town attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Town's financial position.

6. Long-Term Obligations

a. <u>Installment purchase</u>

In March 2013, the Town entered into a loan to finance the purchase of a fire truck. The financing contract requires principal payments beginning in 2013 with an interest rate of 1.79%.

Annual debt service payments of the installment purchase as of June 30, 2015, including \$20,431 of interest, are as follows:

Governmental Activities

Year Ending June 30	Principal		Int	erest
2016	\$	37,750	\$	5,018
2017		38,429		4,339
2018		39,121		3,648
2019		39,825		2,944
2020		40,541		2,228
2021-2023		83,283		2,254
Total	\$	278,949	\$	20,431

b. Special Obligation Indebtedness

The Town's special obligation bonds serviced by the governmental funds were issued for the purpose of beach renourishment. The special obligation bonds are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the Town. Principal and interest requirements are appropriated when due.

Bonds payable at June 30, 2015 are comprised of the following individual issue.

Serviced by the Beach Nourishment Fund: \$2,840,000 Beach Renourishment, Series 2012 bonds due on October 1st in installments of \$568,000 plus interest through October 1, 2018; interest at 1.74%.

\$1,704,000

Annual debt service payments to maturity for long-term obligations are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Governmer	Governmental Activities				
	Principal	Interest				
2016	\$ 568,000	\$ 29,650				
2017	568,000	19,766				
2018	568,000	9,883				
Total	\$ 1,704,000	\$ 59,299				

c. Bond Anticipation Notes

\$16,815,000 Beach Renourishment Note issued on August 8, 2014, and due on November 8, 2015; interest at 1.13%. The notes will be repaid from a \$16,815,000 bond issue expected to be sold in the next fiscal year

\$16,815,000

d. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

									Curent
	I	Beginning					Ending	F	Portion of
		Balance	l	ncreases	D	ecreases	Balance		Balance
Governmental activiites:									
Installment purchase	\$	316,032	\$	-	\$	37,083	\$ 278,949	\$	37,750
Special obligation bonds		2,272,000		-		568,000	1,704,000		568,000
Bond anticipation notes		-	1	6,815,000		-	16,815,000		16,815,000
Compensated absences		113,781		17,683		4,782	126,682		126,682
Net pension liability (LGERS)		298,935		-		298,935	-		
Governmental long-term liabilities	\$	3,000,748	\$ 1	16,832,683	\$	908,800	\$ 18,924,631	\$	17,547,432

7. Interfund Balances and Activity

Transfer to/from other funds at June 30, 2015 consists of the following:

From the General Fund to the Beach Nourishment Fund for capital expenditures

\$2,560,000

8. <u>Fund Balance</u>

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund Balance that is available for appropriation.

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 3,266,204
Less:	
Prepaid expenses	9,096
Stabilization by State Statute	244,002
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 3,013,106

IV. Summary Disclosure Significant Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several Federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

V. Change in Accounting Principles / Restatement

The Town implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27), in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. The implementation of the statement required the Town to record beginning net pension liability and the effects of net position of contributions made by the Town during the measurement period (fiscal year ending June 30, 2014). As a result, net position for the governmental activities decreased by \$196,812.

Town of North Topsail Beach Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Two Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2015	2014
Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.031%	0.025%
Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ (182,821)	\$ 298,935
Town's covered-employee payroll	1599383	1510668
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-11.43%	19.79%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	102.64%	94.35%

Town of North Topsail Beach Schedule of Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Two Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 113,221	\$ 103,790
Contributions in relation to the contractually		
required contribution	113,221	103,790
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,599,383	\$ 1,510,668
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	7.08%	6.87%

	Dudget	Actual	Variance Positive
DELETITIES.	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES Ad valorem taxes			
Taxes		\$ 1,954,118	
Penalties and interest		11,874	
Total	\$ 1,939,651	1,965,992	\$ 26,341
Other taxes and licenses			
Local option sales tax		759,158	
Licenses and permits		74,040	
Total	804,500	833,198	28,698
Unrestricted intergovernmental			
Utility franchise tax		224,307	
Cable franchise tax		47,955	
Beer and wine tax		3,658	
Sales tax refunds		22,912	
Total	213,000	298,832	85,832
Restricted intergovernmental			
Solid waste disposal tax		488	
Powell Bill allocation		27,102	
Total	39,500	27,590	(11,910)
Sales and services			
Donations		1,402	
Refuse collection fees		309,684	
Officer and other fees		36,700	
Total	375,088	347,786	(27,302)
Investment earnings	4,000	1,693	(2,307)
Miscellaneous			
Administrative reimbursement		17,500	
Miscellaneous		17,178	
Total	33,640	34,678	1,038
Total revenues	3,409,379	3,509,769	100,390

EXPENDITURES			
General government			
General government			
Salaries and benefits		11,611	
Professional services		33,909	
Operating expenses		204,989	
Total	270,627	250,509	20,118
Administration			
Salaries and benefits		323,043	
Operating expenses		93,827	
Total	405,422	416,870	(11,448)
Planning			
Salaries and benefits		94,778	
Operating expenses		4,917	
Total	101,324	99,695	1,629
Public works			
Salaries and benefits		188,416	
Operating expenses		59,543	
Capital outlay		11,235	
Total	256,377	259,194	(2,817)
Public buildings			
Operating expenses		187,293	
Capital outlay		5,940	
Total	157,800	193,233	(35,433)
Total general government	1,191,550	1,219,501	(27,951)

Public safety Police and fire departments			
Salaries and benefits		1,322,305	
Operating expenses		151,123	
Capital outlay		127,910	
Total	1,652,018	1,601,338	50,680
Inspections			
Salaries and benefits		126,364	
Operating expenses		4,930	
Total	130,844	131,294	(450)
Total public safety	1,782,862	1,732,632	50,230
Environmental protection Sanitation			
Contracted services	384,988	388,213	(3,225)
Committees	4.500	025	5.65
Operating expenses	1,500	935	565
Total environmental protection	386,488	389,148	(2,660)
Transportation			
Operating expenses	112,500	108,518	3,982
Cultural and acceptional			
Cultural and recreational Operating expenses		21,743	
Capital outlay		5,726	
·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total cultural and recreation	34,000	27,469	6,531
Debt service	42,769	42,769	
Total expenditures	3,550,169	3,520,037	30,132

Revenues over (under) expenditures	(140,790)	(10,268)	130,522
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Sale of fixed assets	14,109	-	(14,109)
Transfer to special revenue fund	(2,560,000)	(2,560,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,545,891)	(2,560,000)	(14,109)
Fund balance appropriated	2,686,681	-	(2,686,681)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(2,570,268) \$	(2,570,268)
Fund balance, beginning		3,266,204	
Fund balance, ending	=	\$ 695,936	

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Ad valorem taxes			
Prior year	\$ 2,000	\$ 1,589	\$ (411)
Other taxes and licenses			
Accommodations tax	450,000	456,760	6,760
Restricted intergovernmental			
Grants		397,883	
Cost shares		371,063	
Total restricted intergovernmental	663,609	768,946	105,337
Investment earnings	1,000	711	(289)
Miscellaneous	500	230	(270)
Total revenues	1,117,109	1,228,236	111,127
EXPENDITURES			
Environmental protection			
Administrative expenses		17,500	
Operating expenses		238,509	
Contracted services		99,912	
Capital outlay		2,114,201	
Total expenditures	4,164,329	2,470,122	1,694,207
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,047,220)	(1,241,886)	1,805,334
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfer from General Fund	2,560,000	2,560,000	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,560,000	2,560,000	
Revenues over (under) expenditures			
and other financing uses	(487,220)	1,318,114	1,805,334
Fund balance appropriated	487,220	-	(487,220)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	1,318,114	\$ 1,318,114
Fund balance, beginning		- 1,232,014	
Fund balance, ending		\$ 2,550,128	-
		- 2,000,120	=

					Variance Positive
		Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES					
Ad valorem taxes	\$	1,285,554	\$ 1,269,607	\$	(15,947)
Accommodations tax		450,000	456,760		6,760
Sales tax		850,000	890,047		40,047
County contribution		100,000	100,000		-
Investment earnings		-	4,700		4,700
Total revenues		2,685,554	2,721,114		35,560
EXPENDITURES					
Construction		16,245,000	16,429,099		(184,099)
Debt service		789,135	780,250		8,885
Engagement contracts		795,000	193,417		601,583
Legal		50,000	102,126		(52,126)
Contingency		1,621,419	-		1,621,419
Total expenditures		19,500,554	17,504,892		1,995,662
Revenues under expenditures	([16,815,000]	(14,783,778)		2,031,222
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Special obligation bonds		16,815,000	16,815,000		-
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	2,031,222	\$	2,031,222
Fund balance, beginning			1,077,820		
Fund balance, ending			\$ 3,109,042		

Town of North Topsail Beach Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2015 Schedule 4

	Uncollected Balance June 30,			Collections and		Uncollected Balance June 30,			
Fiscal Year		2014		Additions		Credits		2015	
2014-2015	\$	-	\$	3,175,327	\$	3,135,205	\$	40,122	
2013-2014		74,771		-		58,257		16,514	
2012-2013		20,073		-		13,258		6,815	
2011-2012		15,499		-		9,901		5,598	
2010-2011		11,618		-		7,393		4,225	
2009-2010		5,601		-		1,985		3,616	
2008-2009		3,602		-		425		3,177	
2007-2008		3,852		-		18		3,834	
2006-2007		919		-		54		865	
2005-2006		1,318		-		-		1,318	
2004-2005		992		-		992		-	
	\$	138,245	\$	3,175,327	\$	3,227,488	\$	86,084	

Reconcilement with revenues:

Ad valorem taxes - General Fund	\$ 1,965,992
Ad valorem taxes - Beach Nourishment Fund	1,589
Ad valorm taxes - Shoreline Protection Project	1,269,607
Interest collected	(11,874)
Taxes written off	2,174
Total collections and credits	\$ 3,227,488

Town of North Topsail Beach Analysis of Current Tax Levy For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 Schedule 5

						Total Levy			
		Property Valuation	Rate		Total Levy	Re	Property excluding gistered Motor Vehicles		Registered otor Vehicles
		Tuluution.			10101 2017				
Property taxed at current	\$	818,808,240	0.3932	\$	3,219,554	\$	3,185,912	\$	33,642
Penalties		181,841			715		715		-
Discoveries		97,660			384		384		-
Abatements		(11,527,467)			(45,326)		(45,326)		
Total property valuation	\$	807,560,274							
Net levy				\$	3,175,327	\$	3,141,685	\$	33,642
Uncollected taxes at June 30	, 2015	5			40,122		40,122		
Current year's tax collected				\$	3,135,205	\$	3,101,563	\$	33,642
Current levy collection perce	ntage				98.74%		98.72%)	100.00%



Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 3105 Trent Road New Bern, North Carolina 28563

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1547 New Bern, North Carolina 28563-1547

(252) 633-5821 (252) 633-0199 (fax) www.cricpa.com

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Alderman Town of North Topsail Beach, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of North Topsail Beach, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of North Topsail Beach's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of North Topsail Beach's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs that we consider to be significant deficiencies. [15-1]

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of North Topsail Beach's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Response to Findings

The Town of North Topsail Beach's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

New Bern, North Carolina

Cau, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

December 4, 2015



Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 3105 Trent Road New Bern, North Carolina 28563

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1547 New Bern, North Carolina 28563-1547

(252) 633-5821 (252) 633-0199 (fax) www.cricpa.com

Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Alderman Town of North Topsail Beach, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the compliance of the Town of North Topsail Beach, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The Town of North Topsail Beach's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Town of North Topsail Beach's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and applicable sections of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, OMB Circular A-133, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether non-compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town of North Topsail Beach's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of North Topsail Beach's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Town of North Topsail Beach complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Town of North Topsail Beach is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town of North Topsail Beach's internal control over compliance with types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

New Bern, North Carolina

Caux Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

December 4, 2015

Town of North Topsail Beach Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? <u>X</u> no _ yes Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? X yes no Non-compliance material to financial statements noted X no yes **Federal Awards** Internal control over major federal programs: Material weakness(es) identified? yes X no Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? yes X no Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with **OMB Circular A-133** X no yes Identification of major federal programs: CFDA# **Program** 10.780 **Community Facilities Loans and Grants State Awards** None

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

yes

X no

Town of North Topsail Beach Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

Significant Deficiency

15-1 Expenditures over appropriations

Criteria: Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds.

Condition: Expenditures made in the General Fund for general government activities exceeded its appropriations made by the governing board by \$27,951, and environmental protection activities by \$2,660.

Effect: Expenditures were made without budget authorization.

Cause: The budget was not reviewed to determine if appropriations were available before moneys were spent.

Recommendation: The budget should always be reviewed to determine if appropriations are available before an expenditure is made.

Views of responsible officials: The Town agrees with this finding.

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

Section IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

Town of North Topsail Beach Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

Significant Deficiency

15-1 Expenditures over appropriations

Name of contact person: Bonnie Kline - Finance Officer

Corrective Action: The Board will closely review its budget reports to ensure compliance in future years.

Proposed Completion Date: The Town will implement the above procedures immediately.

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

Section IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

Town of North Topsail Beach Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		State/		
	Federal	Pass-through	Fed. (Direct &	
	CFDA	Grantor's	Pass-through)	State
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	<u>Expenditures</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>
Federal Grants:				
Cash Programs:				
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Community Facilities Loans and Grants	10.780		\$ 16,815,000	\$ -
State Grants:				
Cash Assistance:				
NC Department of Transportation				
Powell Bill		XXXX	-	34,286
NC Department of Natural Resources				
NC Coastal Management Program		XXXX		232,967
Total assistance – State programs			-	267,253
Total assistance			\$ 16,815,000	\$ 267,253

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards:

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State awards includes the Federal and State grant activity of the Town of North Topsail Beach under the programs of the Federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2015. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the SEFSA presents only a select portion of the operations of the Town of North Topsail Beach, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the Town of North Topsail Beach.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments or cost principles contained in Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein contain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursements.

3. Loans Outstanding

Town of North Topsail Beach has the following loan balances outstanding at June 30, 2015. The loan made during the year are included in the SEFSA in the federal expenditures presented in the schedule. Balances and transactions related to these programs are included in the Town of North Topsail Beach's basic financial statements.

Program Name		CFDA #	Amount Outstanding
Community Facilities Loans and	Grants	10.780	\$16,815,000